

considered, and in conjunction with the Raub company we propose that a fixed rate should be levied; in the meantime we make payments in advance. I am glad to be able to say that we receive every attention and encouragement from the officials of Peking, though I do not think they fully realize the very hard work this company has to do in pioneering the railway. Mr. Clifford the able Acting Resident has promised all the assistance he can give in furthering our work. It is unfortunate that the state is in such pecuniary difficulties, as nothing is being done towards opening out the country as in the adjoining states, and so adding any mining enterprises. Before concluding, I would again like to express my extreme satisfaction at the manner in which Mr. Blamey has carried out his duties as our prospector and mining manager, and I only regret that we had not such a man at a very much earlier date. Before moving the adoption of the report and accounts, I shall be glad to answer any questions to the best of my ability.

There being no questions the Chairman moved that the report and accounts be adopted. Mr. Holmes seconded the motion, which was carried unanimously.

The Chairman said that under the Articles of Association five directors were required, so that they were now one short. He proposed Mr. Fenwick as the new director. Mr. Gillies seconded the proposition which was carried.

Mr. P. B. Cams proposed, Mr. Sherrin seconded, and it was agreed that the retiring directors, Messrs. Orange and Woodin, be re-elected.

On the motion of the Chairman seconded by Mr. Perry the retiring auditors, Messrs. Henderson and Lyall, were re-elected.

Mr. Mehta in proposing a vote of thanks to the Chairman said that he wished to very cordially thank Mr. Orange for the able and exhaustive report he had made on the mines and operations of the Company at Peking. That report has been the outcome of a visit in person on behalf of the shareholders, at great personal inconvenience. It was a very different report from those usually presented, and was a plain and unvarnished tale of what had been done by the Company. Mr. Orange had certainly been at great trouble on their behalf and their best thanks were due to him. A vote of thanks was also due to their representatives in London, for their valuable services in connection with the Peking Gold Company of London.

Mr. Judah seconded the motion, which was carried unanimously.

The Chairman in acknowledging the compliment said that he was very much obliged to them for their very kind remarks and thought that other members of the Board certainly ought to be included. He was only a late comer in the affairs of the Company. Mr. Gillies and Davies had worked from the beginning without any remuneration whatever, and deserved their best thanks. With regard to the affairs of the Company, it must be a considerable gratification to know that for the last five or six months the Company had been practically paying all its expenses. It started with \$2,000 of debenture capital. It had advanced a small amount to the London company. There was now some \$20,000 in hand and also some \$3,000 or \$4,000 at the mines, so that the work had been carried on for about \$5,000. It was hoped that the next six months would be equally satisfactory. All their hopes depended on the unfortunate London Company. Having no money, they could not afford to precipitate matters, and that was why he asked a very thankful office—that they would simply wait, and depend on the exertions of the London Agents. Those gentlemen were not disposed to go on the side of London, but as soon as they could force the money from the other Company they would do so. In conclusion he again thanked them for their expressions of confidence.

This concluded the business of the meeting.

CORRESPONDENCE.

(We do not necessarily endorse the opinions expressed by Correspondents in this column.)

COLONEL STORER, R.E., AND THE "HONGKONG TELEGRAPH."

SIR,—Your article in this evening's issue commenting upon Colonel Storer's action in ordering the discontinuance of the *Hongkong Telegraph* by the Royal Engineers' non-commissioned officers' mess is, if a trifle caustic, nothing beyond what the circumstances of these and similar cases fully justify.

My object in writing to you, however, is not so much to supplement your remarks on this particular case as to sincerely endeavor to induce those in authority over us to treat us a little more like the solid middle-aged men a great many of us are, than as fickle, fickle men when we are not children, and as imbeciles when we are neither. I, Sir, confidently assert my claim to be as capable of judging between what is right and what is wrong morally, what is orthodox and what is heterodox in religion, and what is prudent and what is preposterous in politics as any officer in this Garrison; and I, Sir, as loyal a soldier as any of them, indignantly repudiate the intellectual ability of any officer to say what literature I may read and what shall be withheld from me. Have the authorities—heaven help us! Considering the manner of the "goings on" in this Garrison lately the "nonentities" would be the more accurate expression—ever read history? Major-General Barker is a scholar, a man who has taught men. Can he quote one single instance of the ultimate success of a persecution directed against principles, opinions, creeds or doctrines? He cannot. He knows that it is as true as a geometrical definition that persecution is as the very breath of life to intellectual freedom in the widest sense of the term. Surely the faculty of attempting to coerce a body of educated, intelligent and responsible men in such a matter as this, must be as apparent as its pitiful fatuity? Can our officers not perceive that when they use the mere brute force of their superior military rank to endow them with to gratify their own idiosyncrasies and personal prejudices and enforce orders that are so manifestly beyond their province, so evidently the outcome of a mere passing fit of childish vindictive instability, and that in the opinion of every well-informed and disinterested officer in this Garrison, Sir, a disposition singularly at variance with that which we are taught to hold the honor of an officer, a gentleman, and an Englishman, they are using the most effective means of rendering themselves obnoxious and their authority contemptible.

Obedience to such unwelcome orders is given so grudgingly and is accompanied by language so menacing to discipline in its disrespect, that any officer who permits his private prejudices to influence him so far as to issue such an order is certainly fit to occupy a responsible position in the control of men.

Colonel Storer has, it is asserted, been persuaded into countenancing this most unwelcome order against his better judgment, and those who know him best, most expect of him that he will yet cry "poco a poco," and do a graceful, a generous and a just action by rescinding the obnoxious order in regard to the *Hongkong Telegraph*.

I am, Sir,

Yours etc.,

R. E. MESS.

Hongkong, 14th October, 1891.

LATE TELEGRAMS.

OTTAWA, September 23rd.

A written statement from Mr. Mercier, the Premier of Quebec, has been presented to the Dominion Parliament in which he deplores the conduct by his Political Agent of money from the Railway Company, and declares he knew nothing of this until the revelations at the late official enquiry.

ST. PETERSBURG, September 25th.

A letter has been received stating that the merchants at Nijal Novgorod report a visit to the fair of Afghan traders who are the bearers of a letter from the Amir, urging the development of trade between Russia and Afghanistan.

ALLAHABAD, September 25th.

The only possible meaning of the exclusion of Captain Youngblood and Mr. Davidson from the family is that Russia has annexed the debatable region, which hitherto has been quite open to travellers of all nationalities. The position may at any moment become a critical one, though it is doubtful whether any considerable body of Russian troops is there.

LONDON, September 26th.

The betrothal of the young King Alexander of Serbia to Princess Helene of Montenegro will shortly take place. This engagement is looked upon politically as of importance.

September 27th.

The *Times* Paris correspondent states that Russia and Persia are arranging a treaty for a commercial union from which other Powers are to be excluded, the political clauses of the treaty implying Russian tutelage. There is also a scheme under consideration to unite the Khanates under the hegemony of Russia so as to bring about a federation of Central Asia.

Prince Damrong of Siam, has gone to Balmoral on a visit to the Queen.

The *Times*, referring to the withdrawal of the proceedings against the *Bangalore*, says that the Government of India was right in suing the paper, and then stopping the action when its authority had been vindicated.

It is reported that Russia is disposed to join the Powers in taking diplomatic action against China, though she has no war ships to spare to join the naval forces of the other Powers in Chinese waters.

PARIS, September 27th.

It is reported here that the Chinese Government has already compensated the results for the destruction of their missions by granting them immense tracts of land.

BERLIN, September 27th.

The bankers of Berlin are joining with Parisian bankers in issuing the Russian loan of twenty millions sterling which, it was recently announced, would be raised in France. This is regarded as an additional symptom of peace.

A discussion is being ardently carried on by the German Press on the proposal to reduce the length of compulsory service in the Army to two years.

LONDON, September 28th.

On the British East Africa Company intimating its intention of withdrawing from Uganda unless assisted by Imperial authorities, the *Times* urges the Government to help the Company by constructing a railway from Mombasa to Nyamasa.

Major-General Greenfield and Sir Evelyn Baring, who are at present in England, will start on their return to Egypt on the 9th proximo.

This morning the Peninsular and Oriental steamship *Roma*, which has just been lengthened at Greenock, was discovered to be on fire. The steam-rooms and other compartments of the vessel were destroyed before the flames were extinguished. The damage, it is estimated, will amount to several thousand pounds.

ZANZIBAR, September 28th.

The Government of Zanzibar will shortly be remodelled. The chiefs of departments will be nominated and a definite budget drawn up. The Executive and Revenue control will be in the hands of English officials.

ST. PETERSBURG, September 29th.

The statement that a treaty between Russia and Persia for a commercial union is being arranged is denied here.

LONDON, September 29th.

Quarantine has been imposed at Alexandria on all arrivals from Bombay.

A JINRICKSHA FARM.

Our neighbours in Hongkong have resolved to meet the difficulty of regulating and licensing the jinricksha traffic by establishing a farm, and the Government are taking the necessary steps to give practical effect to the decision. The *Hongkong Daily Press* can identify this step with the right direction, remarking that as under the rules the number of jinrickshas is limited to five hundred, and the work very remunerative, the licensees are at present sold at high premiums by one licensee to another, and therefore that, under the new system, the Government will obtain a larger revenue, and better control over the traffic. As we, too, are interested in the question of licensing and regulating similar traffic in these parts, a similar course to that adopted in Hongkong may seem to the authorities an advisable one. We, however, trust they will do nothing of the sort. We think the resolution of the Hongkong Government a false step. They are creating a fresh monopoly, and monopolies of any kind, in their essence, bad policy, and only permissible where the governing authority is itself hopelessly at fault and where such a course may be looked upon as the lesser of two evils. We have already far too much of the monopoly system in the East, and to our mind it is nothing better than a confession of incapacity or an admission of laziness in every case in which it is at present permitted. It is a lazy and foolish policy of Government; it is an unnecessary, and therefore wasteful, delegation of functions to private individuals; it sets up a tribe of middlemen who have to make their profit—and so a few private individuals get at the expense of the people by means of a tax which, if extracted from their pockets at all, should pass entirely into that of Government. The *opium* revenue is a case in point. The Chinese *opium*, the *East* *Press* says, that while ten millions of dollars roughly are extracted from the pockets of the opium-consuming public by the collection of every contract under this system, but three millions of this sum go into the coffers of Government, the rest going in bribe and profits to the farmers, which latter, as a rule, run from several hundreds of thousands of dollars to several millions. On this jinricksha question, then, we say the Government of Hongkong would have done much better, if the competition for this limited number of licenses thought advisable is so keen, to have raised the fee and to have obtained a better revenue; whereas, too, a better paid jinricksha traffic could have been paid, and the *opium* revenue of the authorities thus still have been maintained. With us the plan is to limit the number, to fix the fee at a proper limit, to license only the vehicle, making the owner responsible for its condition and for the behaviour of the puller as regards traffic regulation, and from the revenue realized to maintain an efficient supervisory staff. It is hopeless to expect the Police to be of any assistance, and the same staff that controls the jinrickshas should supervise the whole of the hackney carriage traffic, and we should perhaps have fewer ghats, and less crowded thoroughfares to the imminent peril of the citizens' persons and property.—*Penny Gazette*.

MEN AND WOMEN.

The Queen of Italy has a \$7,000 dress.

The Princess of Wales has thirteen wigs.

Mme. de Lesseps is forty years younger than her husband.

Spurgeon's parents were humble people of Dutch extraction.

Tolstoi eats a raw onion on rising. Then he breakfasts alone.

Herbert Spencer, considerably improved in health, is once more hard at work on his philosophy.

The young King of Serbia is one of the best educated boys in the country, and at fifteen years old is admitted a marvel in mathematics.

Mr. Elphinstone-Bentley, who died near Epsom, was a maid of honor at the court of George IV.

The richest man in Philadelphia is A. J. Drexel, who is worth \$25,000,000. The city has 160 millionaires, whose total property foots up over \$400,000,000.

Senator W. D. Washburn of Minnesota, who is said to be the biggest flour-producer in the world, is a Maine man and worked on a farm in that State till he was twenty years old.

Secretary Proctor began his official career as a Selectman. He has passed through about all the grades up to his present position, and now he is going to be a United States Senator.

In eighteen months Miss Kate Smith rose from a \$50 clerkship under Government to one with a \$1,600 salary. She is the only woman chief of division in the service of the U. S. Government.

Elithu Thomson, the Boston electrician, who is regarded as Edison's most formidable rival, is a slender young man of clean-cut features, a small brown mustache, and wavy brown hair.

John Archibald is one of the Standard Oil magnates. He started in as an office boy at Titusville a few years ago. Speculated successfully as soon as he got hold of a little money, and is to-day worth \$1,500,000.

Thomas Hughes, of "Tom Brown's School Days" fame, is a fairly successful lawyer, with a practice that brings him in about \$600 a year. But he has a small private fortune, which probably accounts for his not exerting himself more at the Bar.

Verdi is seventy-seven years old, and nearly forty years have elapsed since he produced what Owen Meredith describes thus:

Of all the operas Verdi wrote

The best to my taste is *Il Trovatore*.

Count de Montebello, the new French Ambassador to Russia, is a grandson of one of Napoleon's paladins, the fearless Lannes—"the harvest of the brave" his master called him—began life as a dyer's apprentice, and died Duke of Montebello and a Marshal of France.

Marvin Smith of Montville, Conn., who is one hundred and seven years old, remembers seeing the first steamboat, the *Fulton*, when she made a trip up the Thames in 1817. He also drew a pension for service in the War of 1812, and has voted at every Presidential election since 1808, except the last one.

Sister Rose Gertrude, whose endeavor at emulation of Father Damien excited much interest eighteen months ago, is living quietly in Honolulu, with her German husband, Dr. Lutz. It is said that the failure of her projects for aiding the lepers is partly attributable to the jealousy of the German and American residents of Honolulu, who resented the fact of a woman coming from England to teach them their duty to the lepers.

ITEMS FROM THE ARIZONA KICKER.

ILLUSTRATING PLEASURES OF JOURNALISM IN THE WILD WEST.

We must beg the indulgence of our readers for coming out on a half-holiday this week, but the matter was positively beyond our control. Had we been drunk, the same as our contemporary after it, we could not have our subscribers for looking, but we can assure them that no charge of the kind can be laid at our door.

On Monday we had to attend the lynching of Abe Carter, over on the hill. We didn't want to go, but Abe made it a personal matter, declaring that he wouldn't hang unless we were present to kick the barrel away. He died happy.

On Tuesday Jim Cummins sent us word that he would shoot us on sight. Jim is a bad man, but he won't lie. We knew he meant business, and we had a plan to get the drop on him. With our usual energy and public spirit we got it. Some of the *opium* wanted to finish him, but as he promised to go hence and stay there we let him off.

On Wednesday our esteemed contemporary went out to our private grave-yard and attempted to jump our claim and have something to point to when asked what he had ever done for this community. We drove him off, but it consumed valuable time just the same.

On Thursday Colonel Jackson, the founder of the new town of Red Hot, called to see us about a page advertisement. During the misunderstanding of the right and wrong we left two bullets in his leg to be robed for when he got home.

On Friday Major Larkins started to begin a \$50,000 libel suit against us. It took us two hours to hunt him up and discourage him. He is dying as well as circumstances will permit, and unless inflammation sets in he will recover.

On Saturday fifteen of the cowboys belonging to General Storer's ranch came over to see us. They had several ropes along with them. They were we were off on a fishing excursion. They tied the four-page form and shot our gray mare, but because it comes perfectly natural to us, we did not have as pleasant a time as if we had been home.

The above are our excuses, and such a thing as our coming out on a half-page again will probably never be heard of. We shall issue an extra supplement next week to make up for it.

"IT'S DAYPO." We understand that Big Jim Henderson is trying to work up a feeling among the boys against our nomination as Mayor because we insist on pronouncing the word *daypo* as "daypo." We don't do it to put an axe over the boys, but because it comes perfectly natural to us. We lived the first twenty years of our life in Boston, and it comes natural to us to give the French accent to our words, as "Henri," for Henry, "Cholly," for Charles, etc., etc.

We don't believe the boys will go back on us on this account; on the contrary, we think they will rather feel proud of us. It's "daypo" though, whether they stick or slide, and we propose to wear our shirts with the buttons buttoned even if we never get a vote in a caucus.

Errata.—Last week we had a local item which stated that the late Mr. A. J. Drexel, the great town-hawk Brown, proprietor of the saloon on Mexico avenue, known as "Murderers' Delight." The item was to the effect that Mr. Brown had shot old Joe the half-breed, because the latter beat him out of the drinks shaking dice, and we advised the boys to give the shooter a feed of rope. Mr. Brown called upon us yesterday and subscribed for the *Kicker* for one year. He explained that he only shot old Joe in the leg anyhow, and he didn't do that until after he had been called a liar seven or eight times. We are entirely satisfied that he had any amount of provocation, and we only wonder that he did not shoot the aged Joseph bang through the right lung and kill him on the spot. Mr. Brown's advertisement also appears in this issue. He is one of those go-ahead, enterprising men who believe that advertising pays.

AT LAST.—For over a year past our esteemed contemporary has ached for somebody to shoot at him, so that he could get up a great hurrah about it and telegraph a big item to the Denver papers. He has abused every man in the town who carries a gun, but the boys only laughed at him. He couldn't even get anybody to sue him for libel. This state of affairs has rankled in his bosom until even his old yellow dog got disgusted with him.

We are always willing to oblige. Knowing how badly our esteemed was banking after a little glory, we gave Mountain Mike half a dollar to go down there the other day and pull a gun on him. The gun was full of water with a cork drove into the muzzle. Mike had come in to have a shot at us, but we soon brought him around to see that he could do us a great favor. He went down, licked open the shanty door and uttered a yell. Our esteemed didn't wait for any more. He fell off his chair, rolled out of his back door and brought up in the brush two miles away. Mike didn't even get the revolver off his hip.

Our esteemed returned to telegraph a column account of the "Attempted Assassination of a Prominent Arizona Editor," but it didn't wash here. He never ought to have left Ohio.—*MI. QUAD* in the *N. Y. World*.

NEWS AND GOSSIP.

The Prince of Wales is insured for \$800,000. France has been troubled with a plague of mosquitoes.

Gold is at a premium in Italy, and the deficit is being made up.

There are now 108 women Poor Law guardians in England.

There is a newspaper in London which is printed with scented ink.

The Prince of Wales is ambitious to race his new yacht in American waters.

An underground cable is being laid to connect important German fortifications.

The Rothschilds at Frankfurt-on-the-Main, pay to the city \$83,000 annual taxes.

The proposed ship canal between the Firth of Forth and the Clyde has been revived.

Prince of Bulgaria has ordered \$1,000,000 worth of cannon from Krupp.

There are 500 newspapers published in Fleet Street, London, eleven of which are dailies.

Russian newspapers say the Czar fears no war on account of the Dardanelles incident.

The Austrian Archduke Francis will shortly be betrothed to Princess Sophie of Bavaria.

A scheme by French engineers to bridge the Bosphorus is under consideration by Turkey.

The theosophy fad is infecting London society widely, and a mission to America is talked of.

About twenty-five thousand people are killed every year in India by wild beasts and reptiles.

The mother of the Empress of Austria, the oldest royal personage in Europe, is eighty-three.

Miss Ethel Gilguy, a young American lady, has achieved a decided success at Berlin as a whistler.

A cooperative home for single women is to be started in Vienna. Each will have a share in the housekeeping.

Lord Salisbury has made twenty-one new peers since he has been in office, besides raising the rank of several others.

A great outcry is being raised in Finland against the recent introduction of the Russian language into the schools of that country.

M. Ader of Paris, after expending more than \$100,000 on a flying machine, has produced one in which he flew about one hundred yards.

Russian merchants want their Government to abolish its free ports on the Black river, in Asia, and remove an element of foreign competition.

It is announced in London that a novelty in the form of five minutes' recitations between courses at fashionable dinners is about to be tried.

Official returns show that Great Britain's exports declined to the extent of about \$10,000,000 in August as compared with the same month last year.

Ex-Queen Isabel of Spain heard the other day that a Spaniard, who had once tried to take her life, was in Paris, dying of hunger; she sent him 500l.

The budget of the State issued at Rome for the past year shows a deficit of \$18,000,000, an increase of one quarter over what was expected.

In a recent race of thirty-two miles, near Berlin, two cavalry officers reached the goal just seven minutes ahead of two infantry officers mounted on bicycles.

Since the Pasteur Institute for the cure of hydrophobia was established in Paris in 1886 there have been 9,439 patients treated, of whom sixty-four have died.

The Salvation Army matches are having a brisk sale in England now. The output is already 2,000 gross a week, and this is to be multiplied twentyfold.

The principal article of export from Russia into Serbia is coal oil. There are at present 3,000,000 kilograms of kerosene in the port of Odessa ready for export.

The Italian Government has announced that it is obliged to stop the building of the Victor Emmanuel monument on the Capitoline Hill owing to the lack of funds.

The Marquis of Aylesbury has the bestowal of eleven ecclesiastical "livings," as they are called, and the equally notorious Lord Londale has the bestowal of forty-three.

Many important American patents have been cancelled and more are likely to suffer the same treatment in Germany because of the disregard or ignorance of German laws by American inventors.

Sally, the interesting chimpanzee of the Zoological Gardens, London, has departed this life. She could count up to seven, had a large acquaintance, and had often been interviewed by Darwin.

The fact that the poet Laureate owns a milk "walk" in the Isle of Wight has been known for some time, but every one may not have heard that the milk cans are marked "Alfred, Lord Tennyson."

An unusually large number of bears are noticed this summer in the neighborhood of St. Petersburg. This, according to the experience of old peasants, prognosticates the coming of a severe winter.

Continental rules for lawn tennis, which is becoming popular, are very rigid in regard to costume. "At Wiesbaden a man cannot play without a collar to his shirt. Bare arms are looked upon with disfavor."

It is estimated that the treasure lying idle in India in the shape of hoards of ornaments amounts to £350,000,000. A competent authority calculates that if the American city of New York were to be the value of £2,000,000 sterling.

The population of Italy has grown in thirty years from 27,777,333 to 30,000,000, while the annual mortality has fallen from 30.05 to 25.6 per thousand, the change being especially noticeable in the preservation of infant life.

A murderer in Mecklenburg ten minutes before his execution choked the clergyman, put on his long black coat, dashed out, and mixed among the officials around the scaffold. He had almost reached the gate when he was caught.

It is said that the experiment of the telephonic church service has proved so successful in Birmingham, that it is now proposed to develop it by connecting the hospitals of the locality to Christ Church, the centre of the experiment.

While fairs are becoming increasingly popular in France among people of moderate means

Intimations.

FURNISHING DEPARTMENTS.

CARPETS. CARPETS. CARPETS.

NEW SEASON'S DESIGNS FROM 85 CENTS PER YARD.

HEARTH RUGS FROM \$1.00 EACH.

ART MUSLINS FROM 15 CENTS PER YARD.

(100 Patterns to Choose from)

LACE CURTAINS 4 yards long from \$1.50 Pair.

CURTAIN MATERIALS, CORNICES, CORNICE POLES, WINDOW and MANTEL DRAPERIES, PORTIERES, &c. &c.

BEDSTEADS, COTS, and SPRING MATTRESSES at extremely low prices.

BEDDING made by Patent Machinery. Purified Hair and Feathers only used.

RE-UPHOLSTERY REPAIRS, &c. Promptly & efficiently attended to by experienced Workmen.

HONGKONG TRADING CO., LTD.

COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHERS, AND CARPET FACTORS.

Hongkong, 12th October, 1891.

people in a corresponding position in Germany are as anxious to live in houses of their own, and a company has just been formed in Berlin to enable them to do so.

The railroad now in course of construction between Aix-les-Bains and Revard will be the first mountain railroad built in France. The road, it is thought, will be opened in June, 1892. It will be 7.7 of a mile long, and will be fitted with a rack over the whole distance.

It was declared at a meeting of the Ceylon Tea Planters' Association in Colombo, that there are now 230,000 acres of land planted with tea in the colony; an increase of nearly 40,000 acres during the last two years. Seventy million pounds will be Ceylon's product in 1894.

The Russian Minister of Education, on junction with the Minister of the Interior, has issued a decree prohibiting Jewish children whose parents live in Russia on foreign passports to be admitted into any of the middle or higher institutions of learning for the ensuing scholastic term.

Chauncey Dewey is quoted in a New York *World* special from London as saying: "I find the financial situation far better than has been represented in America. Money is an absolute drug in the market and has no interest value as a deposit. I have on the highest authority that all the stories concerning financial disasters pending heavy failures have no foundation and none of these prophecies of evil will pan out."

SCOTT'S Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites, is prescribed by Physicians all over the world. It is a remarkable remedy for Consumption, Scrophula, and wasting diseases; and very palatable. Read the following: "I have much pleasure in stating that I have been cured of a chronic disease of the lungs, and have acquired a new lease of life. I was a weakling, and found it to be a very efficient preparation. It was taken without the least difficulty."—A. Temple Perkins, 22, Leyland Park, Stoke Newington, N. Any Chemist can supply it.—*Advt.*

Today's Advertisements.

THEATRE ROYAL, CITY HALL, HONGKONG.

THE WILLARD OPERA COMPANY.

DIRECTOR.....PENEWTON W. WILLARD.

PROGRAMME.

THIS EVENING, (THURSDAY), the 15th October.

CONCERT.

Sydney Grundy's Great London Farical Comedy, "ARABIAN NIGHTS."

Cast of Characters:

Arthur Hummingbird.....Mr. F. W. WILLARD.

Miss Hummingbird (his Wife).....Miss CESSIE DENVER.

Mrs. Gilliland (his Mother-in-Law).....Miss BESSIE ROYAL.

Daisy Maitland (his Niece).....Miss F. TRIGOE.

Barbara (his Servant).....Miss NORMAN.

Rosa Colombar (the Gutter Perch Girl).....Miss VERA PATEY.

Joseph Ormerod (his Friend).....Mr. P. VERNARD.

Johnna Gilliland (his Brother-in-Law).....Mr. HARRY HALL.

Dobson (his Servant).....Mr. F. WENTWORTH.

Scene—Apartment in Hummingbird's House.

SATURDAY, 17th, "LA PEICHOLO."

Plan now open at Messrs. KELLY & WALSH, LIMITED.

Hongkong, 15th October, 1891.

IN THE MATTER OF ORDINANCES 14 OF 1862, 2 OF 1866, AND 6 OF 1890.

AND

IN THE MATTER OF THE PETITION OF PAUL DE SUSINI, of No. 6, Rue de St. Louis, Paris, in the Republic of France, Doctor of Medicine, for LETTERS PATENT for the exclusive use within the Colony of Hongkong of an Invention for "Improvement in Motor Engines Worked by the Vapour of Ether and other Volatile Liquids."

NOTICE is hereby given that the Petition, Specification, and Declaration required by the above Ordinances have been duly filed in the Office of the Colonial Secretary of Hongkong, and that it is the intention of the said PAUL DE SUSINI by HENRY LARDNER DENNY, his duly authorized Agent and Attorney, to apply at the Sitting of the Executive Council hereinafter mentioned for Letters Patent for the exclusive use within the said Colony of Hongkong of the above named Invention.

And Notice is also hereby given that a Sitting of the Executive Council, before whom the matter of the said Petition will come for decision, will be held in the Council Chamber at the Government Offices, Victoria, Hongkong, on THURSDAY, the 29th instant, at 11 A.M.

DENNY & MOSSOP, Solicitors.

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